

$$V_1 = 200 \langle 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_2 &= 40 \langle \cos \pi/4, \sin \pi/4 \rangle \\ &= 40 \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right\rangle \\ &= \langle 20\sqrt{2}, 20\sqrt{2} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

12.2) $V = V_1 + V_2 = \langle 200 + 20\sqrt{2}, 20\sqrt{2} \rangle$

14) B-A Q-P Yes $\langle 2, 2, 2 \rangle$

16) Yes $\checkmark \langle -4, 2, 2 \rangle$

24) $u = \langle 1, 0, 7 \rangle$

$$\frac{u}{\|u\|} = \frac{\langle 1, 0, 7 \rangle}{\sqrt{1^2 + 49}} = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{50}}, 0, \frac{7}{\sqrt{50}} \right\rangle$$

28) $\vec{r}(t) = \langle 4, 0, 8 \rangle + t \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$

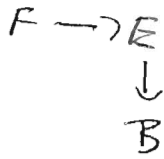
32) $\vec{r}(t) = \langle -2, 0, -2 \rangle + t \langle 6, 3, 9 \rangle$

or $= (1-t) \langle -2, 0, -2 \rangle + t \langle 4, 3, 7 \rangle$

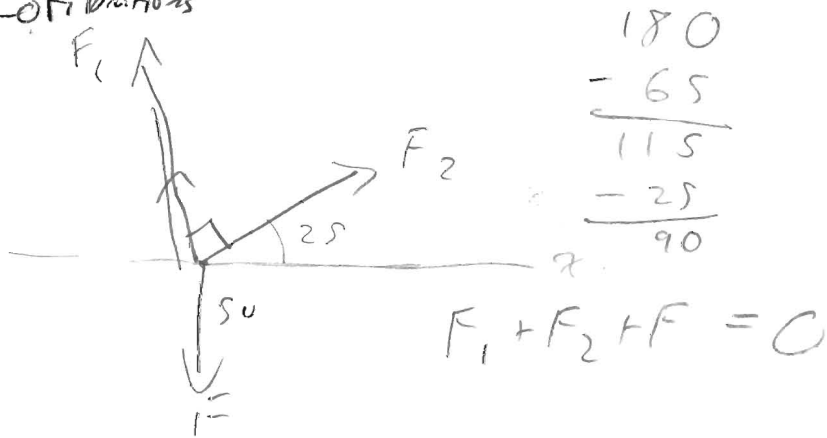
36) $\vec{r}(t) = \langle 1, -1, 2 \rangle + t \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$

42) $\vec{r}(t) = (1-t) \langle 2, 1, -1 \rangle + t \langle 4, 7, 7 \rangle$
 $\vec{r}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \dots$

Fibrations



Cofibrations



$$F_1 = f_1 \langle \cos 25, \sin 25 \rangle$$

$$F_2 = f_2 \langle \cos 115, \sin 115 \rangle$$

$$F = \langle 0, -50 \rangle$$



$$f_1 \cos 25 + f_2 \cos 115 + 0 = 0$$

$$f_1 \sin 25 + f_2 \sin 115 - 50 = 0$$

$$f_1 = f_2 \frac{\cos 115}{\cos 25}$$

$$f_2 \frac{\cos 115}{\cos 25} \sin 25 + f_2 \sin 115 - 50 = 0$$

$$f_2 (\tan 25 \cos 115 + \sin 115) - 50 = 0$$

$$f_2 = \frac{50}{\tan 25 \cos 115 + \sin 115}$$

$$f_1 = f_2 \frac{\cos 115}{\cos 25}$$

12.)

$$14) \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 3, -2, -1 \rangle$$

$$= 3 - 2 - 1 = 0$$

orth

$$28) \cos \theta = \frac{v \cdot w}{\|v\| \|w\|} = \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{1 - 1 + 25}{\sqrt{27} \sqrt{27}} = \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{25}{27} = \cos \theta$$

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{25}{27}\right) = \theta$$

$$38) v^2 + 2vw + w^2 - 2vw$$
$$= v^2 + w^2$$

$$40) v^2 + vw - vw + w^2$$
$$= v^2 + w^2$$

$$44) \text{proj}_v(u) = \left(\frac{u \cdot v}{v \cdot v}\right)v$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$48) u = \langle a, a, b \rangle \quad v = i - j$$
$$= \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\left(\frac{a-a}{2}\right) \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle \quad \text{ok!}$$

$$= 0$$



52) $a = a_{||} + a_{\perp}$

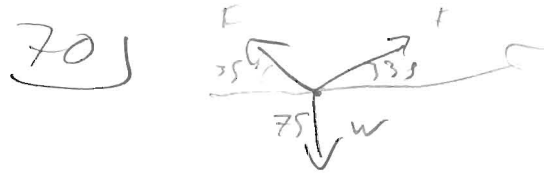
60) $v_1 = \langle -10, 2 \rangle$
 $v_2 = \langle -7, -6 \rangle$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v \cdot w}{\|v\| \|w\|}$$

$$= \frac{70 - 12}{\sqrt{104} \sqrt{49 + 36}} = \frac{58}{2 \cdot 13 \sqrt{10}}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{58}{26\sqrt{10}}\right)$$

104
 52 2
 1 2
 26
 1 2
 13 2
 85
 1 5
 13



Let $f = \|F\|$

$$F + F + w = 0 \Leftrightarrow 2F + w = 0$$

$$F = f \langle \cos 35, \sin 35 \rangle$$

$$w = \langle 0, -75 \rangle$$

$$2f \cos 35 + 0 = 0$$

$$2f \sin 35 - 75 = 0$$

$$F_L = f \langle \cos 35, \sin 35 \rangle$$

$$F_R = f \langle \cos 35, \sin 35 \rangle$$

$$w = \langle 0, -75 \rangle$$

73)

Want to show

~~$$\vec{AP} \cdot \vec{AQ}$$~~

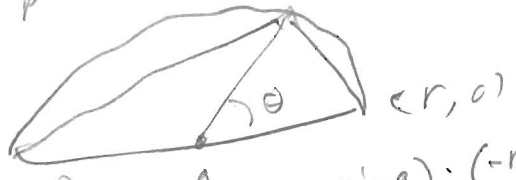
$$\vec{RP} \cdot \vec{RQ} = 0$$

with $\vec{RP} \cdot \vec{RQ}$

$$= \|\vec{RP}\| \|\vec{RQ}\| \cos \theta$$

$$\|\vec{OR}\| = r$$

$$\|\vec{OP}\| = r$$



$$\vec{RP} \cdot \vec{RQ} = (-r, 0) \cdot (r - r \cos \theta, -r \sin \theta) = (-r - r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \cdot (r - r \cos \theta, -r \sin \theta)$$

$$= -r^2 + r^2 \cos^2 \theta + r^2 \sin^2 \theta = 0$$

$$F_L + F_R + w \geq 0$$

$$-f \cos 35 + f \cos 35 + 0 \geq 0$$

$$f \sin 35 + f \cos 35 - 75 = 0$$

$$f (\sin 35 + \cos 35) = 75$$

$$f = \frac{75}{\sin 35 + \cos 35}$$

12.4)

4)

6)

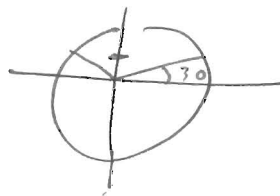
$$\begin{aligned} 14) \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} &= -i - (1)j + (-1)k \\ &= \langle -1, -1, -1 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$20) \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & -7 \end{vmatrix} = i(21-4)$$

$$32) \|v \times w\| = \|v\| \|w\| |\sin \theta|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot |\sin \theta|$$

$$\sin \theta = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$



~~30, 90+60,~~
 ~~$\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$~~ $0 \leq \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \leq \pi$

$$34) \pm \frac{a \times b}{\|a \times b\|}$$

$$42) v = \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \right|$$

48)

$$\frac{1}{2} \|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR}\|$$

(53) !!!

$$(i+j) \times j = \lambda \times j = -i$$

$$i \times (j \times j) = i \times 0 = 0$$

61)

WTF:

$$\begin{vmatrix} i & j & \lambda \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \end{vmatrix} = i(c-b) - j(c-a) + \lambda(b-a)$$

$$i(c-b) - j(c-a) + \lambda(b-a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} c-b &= 1 \\ \cancel{c-a} & \\ c-a &= 1 \\ b-a &= 0 \end{aligned}$$